



SUMMARY TABLE OF OFFICE OF SAFE AND HEALTHY STUDENTS
APPROVED SCHOOL CLIMATE SURVEYS
(as of October 22, 2018)

To assist educators and education agencies in locating a valid and reliable needs assessment that suits their needs, the National Center on Safe Supportive Learning Environments maintains a compendium of student, staff, and family surveys that can be used as part of a school climate needs assessment. This document provides a summary table of each survey by respondent type included in the School Climate Survey Compendium as of October 22, 2018.

Please note that the U.S. Department of Education’s Office of Safe and Healthy Students does not endorse any particular scale or survey presented in this compendium. Additionally, the table presented is not an exhaustive listing of available measures or survey instruments. If you would like to nominate a survey that is not currently included in the compendium, go to <http://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/school-climate-survey-compendium/nominate-school-climate-survey>.

Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
Student Surveys			
American Institutes for Research Conditions for Learning Survey	Elementary (grades 2-4), middle (5-8), and high (9-12) school students – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Safe and respectful climate; High expectations; Student support; Social and emotional learning 	There is no charge for using this survey. Please contact David Osher at dosher@air.org for additional information about this survey. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.	American Institutes for Research. (2007). <i>Cronbach’s alpha reliability analysis student connection survey Chicago 2007</i> . Unpublished. Osher, D. (2011). <i>AIR’s 2007 Conditions for Learning survey</i> . Unpublished memo. Osher, D. (2011). <i>Non-original items in AIR’s 2007 Conditions for Learning survey</i> . Unpublished memo.



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
			<p>Osher, D., Kendziora, K., and Chinen, M. (2008). <i>Student connection research: Final narrative report to the Spencer Foundation</i>. Washington, DC: American Institutes for Research. Retrieved from http://www.air.org/expertise/index/?fa=viewContent&content_id=383</p>
<p>Arizona YRBS and S3 School Climate Survey</p>	<p>High school students –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Violence-related behaviors; Bullying; Depression; Suicide; Tobacco use; Alcohol use; Drug use; Sexual behavior; Body image; Physical activity; Student-teacher relationships; Safety; School connectedness; Academic support; Order and discipline; Physical environment 	<p>This survey is publicly available. Please contact Rani Collins at rani.collins@azed.gov or Nadia Ghani at nadia.ghani@azed.gov for more information about this survey. Survey instruments are available in English.</p>	<p>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2013). <i>Methodology of YRBSS – 2013</i>. Online publication. Retrieved from http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/rr/rr6201.pdf.</p> <p>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2011). <i>YRBSS 2011 item rationale</i>. Online publication. Retrieved from http://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/yrbs/pdf/questionnaire/2011_standard_itemrationale.pdf</p> <p>Item descriptive statistics. Unpublished report.</p> <p>YRBS/Safe and Supportive Schools Student Survey.</p> <p>Zullig, J.K., Collins, R., Ghani, N., Patton, M.J., Hubener, S., and Ajamie, J. (2014). Psychometric support of the school climate measure in a large, diverse Sample of adolescents: A replication and extension. <i>Journal of School Health</i>, 84(2): 82-90.</p> <p>Zullig, K., Koopman, T., Patton, M.J., and Ubbes, V. (2010). <i>School climate: A historical review, instrument</i></p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
			development and school assessment. <i>Journal of Psychoeducational Assessment</i> , 28, 139-152.
Association of Alaska School Boards School Climate and Connectedness Survey	<p>Students in grades 3-5 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Caring others; Social and emotional learning <p>Students in grades 6-12 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Respectful climate; School safety; Parent and community involvement; Student involvement; High expectations; Caring adults; Peer climate; Social and emotional learning; Student delinquent behaviors; Student drug and alcohol use 	<p>The Association of Alaska School Boards owns the copyright to this survey. For more information on SCCS, contact Jenni Lefing at jlefig@asb.org. Survey instruments are available in English.</p>	<p>American Institutes for Research. (2016). Alaska School Climate and Connectedness Survey: 2016 Statewide Report. Washington, DC: Author. Retrieved from https://asb.org/wp-content/uploads/SCCS-2016-Statewide-Report-7Nov.pdf</p> <p>Kendziora, K., & Spier, E. (2016). <i>Memo regarding the Alaska School Climate and Connectedness survey</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>American Institutes for Research. (2011). <i>Alaska Initiative for Community Engagement Evaluation Instrument Summary</i>. Washington, DC.</p> <p>Kendziora, K., Forster, H., Colombi, G., & Fitzgerald, J. (2008). <i>Memo regarding Cognitive Laboratory Results</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Kendziora, K. (2018). <i>Student Self-Report of Social and Emotional Competencies</i>. Unpublished.</p>
Authoritative School Climate Survey	<p>Students in grades 6-12 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disciplinary structure; Academic expectations; Student support (respect for students, willingness to seek help); Student engagement (affective, cognitive); Prevalence of 	<p>These instruments are free and publicly available at https://curry.virginia.edu/authoritative-school-climate-survey-and-school-climate-bullying-survey. (Note: The ASCS is designed to measure the degree to which a school</p>	<p>Cornell, D. (2014). <i>Overview of the Authoritative School Climate Survey</i>. Charlottesville, VA: Curry School of Education, University of Virginia.</p> <p>Cornell, D. (2016). <i>The Authoritative School Climate Survey and the School Climate Bullying Survey: Research summary</i>. Charlottesville, VA: Curry School of Education, University of Virginia. Retrieved from</p>



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	teasing and bullying; Bullying victimization; General victimization; Aggressive attitudes; Positive values (personal conviction, concern for others)	has authoritative characteristics such as fair discipline, supportive teachers, and high academic expectations, as well as associated characteristics such as low rates of bullying and high student engagement. The survey is appropriate for any school with grades 6-12.) Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>http://curry.virginia.edu/uploads/resourceLibrary/Authoritative_School_Climate_Survey_Research_Summary_January_2016.pdf</p> <p>Cornell, D., Huang, F., Konold, T., Meyer, P., Shukla, K., Lacey, A., Nekvasil, E., Heilbrun, A., & Datta, P. (2014). <i>Technical Report of the Virginia Secondary School Climate Survey: 2014 Results for 9th-12th Grade Students and Teachers</i>. Charlottesville, VA: Curry School of Education, University of Virginia. Retrieved from http://curry.virginia.edu/uploads/resourceLibrary/State_Technical_Report_for_2014_high_school_survey_8-14-14.pdf</p> <p>Cornell, D. Huang, F., Konold, T., Jia, Y., Malone, M., Burnette, A.G. Datta, P., Meyer, P., Stohlman, S., & Maeng, J. (2017). <i>Technical Report of the Virginia Secondary School Climate Survey: 2017 Results for 6th-8th Grade Students and School Staff</i>. Charlottesville, VA: Curry School of Education, University of Virginia. Retrieved from http://curry.virginia.edu/uploads/resourceLibrary/2017_Middle_School_Climate_Survey_Technical_Report_completed_6-26-17.pdf</p>
California Healthy Kids Survey	Students in grades 5-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School connectedness; School supports (caring relationships, high expectations, opportunities) 	Please note that while a copy of the survey instrument is publicly available at http://chks.wested.org/administer/download , it is	Furlong, M. J., L. M. O’Brennan, & You, S. (2011). Psychometric properties of the add health school connectedness scale for 18 socio-cultural groups. <i>Psychology in the Schools, 48(10)</i> , 986-997.



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	<p>for meaningful participation); Community supports (caring relationships, high expectations, opportunities for meaningful participation); Tobacco, alcohol, or drug use at school; Physical/verbal/emotional violence victimization; Physical/verbal/emotional violence perpetration; Harassment victimization; Peer supports (caring relationships, high expectations); Home supports (caring relationships, high expectations, opportunities for meaningful participation); Problem solving; Self-efficacy; Cooperation and communication; Empathy; Self-awareness</p>	<p>copyright protected. Information on obtaining the survey instrument can be found at: http://chks.wested.org/. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.</p>	<p>Hanson, T.L. (n.d.). <i>School climate domains and Cal-SCHLS measures to assess them</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Hanson, T.L., & Austin, G. (2011). <i>Internal consistency reliabilities for Healthy Kids School Climate Survey instruments</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Hanson, T. L., & Kim, J. O. (2007). <i>Measuring resilience and youth development: the psychometric properties of the Healthy Kids Survey</i>. (Issues & Answers Report, REL 2007–No. 034). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance, Regional Educational Laboratory West. Retrieved from http://www.ies.ed.gov/ncee/edlabs/regions/west/pdf/REL_2007034_sum.pdf</p>



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Classroom Climate Assessment Instrument – Secondary Student (CCAI-S-S)	Students in grades 6-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discipline environment; Student interactions; Learning assessment; Attitude and culture 	This survey instrument is not publicly available. Please contact John Schindler, Director of the Alliance for the Study of School Climate, at jshindl@calstatela.edu for additional information on the CCAI. Survey instruments are available in English.	Alliance for the Study of School Climate. (2011). <i>Examining the reliability and validity of the ASSC/WASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI)</i> . Unpublished. Shindler, J. (2011). Untitled memo with psychometric information. Unpublished. Shindler, J., Jones, A., Williams, A.D., Taylor, C., & Cadenas, H. (2009). <i>Exploring the school climate-student achievement connection: And making sense of why the first precedes the second</i> . Los Angeles: Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Retrieved from http://www.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/research/School_Climate_Achievement_Connection_v4.pdf
Communities That Care Youth Survey	Students in grades 6-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community risk factors (low neighborhood attachment, community disorganization, transitions and mobility, perceived availability of drugs, perceived availability of handguns, laws and norms favorable to drug use); Community protective factors (opportunities for 	The 2014 survey instrument is publicly available. Please contact the University of Washington Center for Communities That Care (206-685-7723 or ctr4ctc@uw.edu) for information about this survey. Survey instruments are available in English.	Arthur, M. W. (2011) <i>The Communities That Care Youth Survey: Additional information for checklist criteria</i> . Unpublished memo. Calkins, S. D. (2009). Psychobiological models of adolescent risk: Implications for prevention and intervention. <i>Developmental Psychobiology</i> , 213-215. Community Youth Development Study. (2010). <i>Communities That Care Youth Survey item construct dictionary</i> .



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	<p>prosocial involvement, rewards for prosocial involvement); Family risk factors (family history of antisocial behavior, poor family management, family conflict, parental attitudes favorable toward drug use, parental attitudes favorable toward antisocial behavior); Family protective factors (attachment, opportunities for prosocial involvement, rewards for prosocial involvement); School risk factors (academic failure, low commitment to school); School protective factors (opportunities for prosocial involvement, rewards for prosocial involvement); Peer-individual risk factors (rebelliousness, gang involvement, perceived risks of drug use, early initiation of drug use, early initiation of antisocial behavior, favorable</p>		<p>Fagan, A. A., Horn, M. L. V., Hawkins, J. D., & Arthur, M. (2007). Using community and family risk and protective factors for community-based prevention planning. <i>Journal of Community Psychology, 35</i>(4), 535-555.</p> <p>Hawkins, J. D., Catalano, R. F., & Arthur, M. W. (2002). Promoting science-based prevention in communities. <i>Addictive Behaviors, 905</i>, 1-26.</p> <p>Hawkins, J. D., Catalano, R. F., Kosterman, R., Abbott, R. D., & Hill, K. G. (1999). <i>Preventing adolescent health risk behaviors by strengthening protection during childhood</i>. Archives of Pediatric and Adolescent Medicine, 153(3), 226-234.</p> <p>Hawkins, J. D., Catalano, R. F., & Miller, J. Y. (1992). Risk and protective factors for alcohol and other drug problems in adolescence and early adulthood: Implications for substance abuse prevention. <i>Psychological Bulletin, 112</i>(1), 64-105.</p> <p>Johnston, L.D., O'Malley, P. M., Bachman, J. G., & Schulenberg, J. E. (2011). <i>Monitoring the future national results on adolescent drug use: Overview of key findings, 2010</i>. Ann Arbor: Institute for Social Research, The University of Michigan.</p> <p>Monahan, K., Egan, E. A., Horn, M. L. V., Arthur, M., & Hawkins, D. (2011). Community-level effects of individual</p>



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	attitudes toward drug use, favorable attitudes toward antisocial behavior, sensation seeking, rewards for antisocial involvement, friends' use of drugs, interaction with antisocial peers, intentions to use); Peer-individual protective factors (interaction with prosocial peers, belief in moral order, prosocial involvement, rewards for prosocial involvement, social skills, religiosity); Outcome measures (depression, antisocial behavior, substance use)		<p>and peer risk and protective factors on adolescent substance use. <i>Journal of Community Psychology</i>, 39(4), 478-498.</p> <p>Schulenberg, J. E., & Maggs, J. L. (2008). Destiny matters: Distal developmental influences on adult alcohol use and abuse. <i>Addiction</i>, 103(Suppl. 1), 1-6.</p> <p>Williams, J. H., Ayers, C. D., & Arthur, M. W. (1997). Risk and protective factors in the development of delinquency and conduct disorder. In M. W. Fraser (Ed.), <i>Risk and resilience in childhood: An ecological perspective</i> (pp. 140-170). Washington, DC: NASW Press.</p>
Community and Youth Collaborative Institute (CAYCI) School Experiences Survey	Students in grades K-6 (elementary) – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Academic motivation; Academic press; Support for learning; Family and community connections; Parental involvement and support; Diversity; Externalizing behaviors; Internalizing behaviors; Peer relationships; Safety; 	There is no charge for using this survey. Please visit http://cayci.osu.edu/surveys/ or contact Dawn Anderson-Butcher at anderson-butcher.1@osu.edu for copies of and additional information about this survey. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.	All scale reports can be found at the CAYCI website (http://cayci.osu.edu/surveys/surveys-and-technical-reports/) or summarized here . Anderson-Butcher, D. (2016). <i>Original item confirmation in CAYCI surveys</i> . Unpublished memo.



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	<p>School connectedness; Social skills; Activities</p> <p>Students in grades 7-12 (middle/high) –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Academic motivation; Academic press; Career and college readiness; Support for learning; Family and community connections; Parental involvement and support; Diversity; Externalizing behaviors; Internalizing behaviors; Peer relationships; Safety; School connectedness; Social skills; Activities 		
<p>Comprehensive School Climate Inventory (CSCI)</p>	<p>Students in grades 3-5 or 6-12 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Orderly school environment; Administration provides instructional leadership; Positive learning environment; Parent and community involvement; Instruction is well-developed and implemented; Expectations for students; Collaboration 	<p>This survey is not publicly available. You can learn more about it at http://www.schoolclimate.org/climate/csci.php. Please contact Darlene Faster, COO & Director of Communications, at the National School Climate Center at dfaster@schoolclimate.org or (212) 707-8799 x22 for more information on these surveys.</p>	<p>Guo, P., Choe, J., & Higgins-D'Alessandro, A. (2011). <i>Report of construct validity and internal consistency findings for the Comprehensive School Climate Inventory</i>. Fordham University.</p> <p>Higgins-D'Alessandro, A., Faster, D. & Cohen, J. (2010). <i>School growth and change: A report comparing schools in 2007 and 2010</i>. Fordham University and the National School Climate Center. (Unpublished report).</p> <p>Sandy, S.V., Cohen, J. & Fisher, M.B. (2007). <i>Understanding and assessing school climate:</i></p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	between administration, faculty, and students	Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish. Email the National School Climate Center if you have a need for additional translations.	<i>Development and validation of the Comprehensive School Climate Inventory (CSCI)</i> . National School Climate Center. (Unpublished paper).
The Consortium on Chicago School Research Survey of Chicago Public Schools	Students in grades 4-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Academic engagement; Academic press; Peer support for academic achievement; Teacher personal attention; School-wide future orientation; Student sense of belonging; Safety; Incidence of disciplinary action; Student-teacher trust; Teacher personal support; Student classroom behavior 	The student surveys are free and publicly available at http://ccsr.uchicago.edu/downloads/17242009_my_voice_9th-11th_student_codebook.pdf and http://ccsr.uchicago.edu/downloads/23532009_my_voice_senior_student_codebook.pdf . Please contact Elaine Allensworth at elainea@uchicago.edu for more information about these surveys. Survey instruments are available in English.	Consortium on Chicago School Research. (n.d.). <i>2007 Consortium survey measures</i> . Chicago. Consortium on Chicago School Research. (n.d.). <i>Alignment of the five fundamentals for school success with other research</i> . Chicago. Consortium on Chicago School Research. (n.d.). <i>Dimensions of the five fundamentals for school success</i> . Chicago. Consortium on Chicago School Research. (n.d.). <i>A primer on Rasch analysis</i> . Chicago. Retrieved from http://ccsr.uchicago.edu/downloads/9585ccsr_rasch_analysis_primer.pdf Montgomery, N. (2010). <i>CCSR 5 essentials survey – 2007 scoring sample</i> . Unpublished.
Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment (CEEA) – High/Middle School Student Survey	Students in grades 4-6 (elementary) and grades 6-12 (secondary) – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Competencies (Version 4.2 only) (excellence, ethics); 	These survey instruments can be used free of charge, subject to the conditions of the User Agreement, and can be found at: http://excellenceandethics.org .	Khmelkov, V.T. (2011). <i>Memo regarding Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment (CEEA) surveys, version 4.5</i> . Unpublished.



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	School culture (excellence, ethics); Faculty practices (excellence, ethics); Student safety; Faculty support for and engagement of students	org/assess/ceea-samples.php . Please contact Vlad Khmelkov at vkhmelkov@excellenceandethics.org for more information about this survey. Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>Khmelkov, V.T., Davidson, M.L. (2011). <i>Culture of Ethics and Excellence Assessment student and faculty/staff survey psychometric data: High school sample</i>. Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc.</p> <p>Khmelkov, V.T., Davidson, M.L, et al. (2011). <i>Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment Survey conceptual description</i>. Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc.</p> <p>Khmelkov, V.T., Davidson, M.L, Baker, K., Lickona, T., & Parisi, R. (2011). <i>Survey components and scale matrix</i>. Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc. Retrieved from http://www.excellenceandethics.com/assess/CEEA_v4.5_matrix.pdf</p> <p>Khmelkov, V. (2010). <i>Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment student and faculty survey: Reliability, validity & other psychometric data, high school sample</i> [Presentation slides].</p>
Delaware Bullying Victimization Student Scale	Students in grades 3-5 and grades 9-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical bullying; Verbal bullying; Social/relational bullying; Cyberbullying 	Please note, these survey instruments and related resources, including interpretation guidelines and post-survey action planning tools, are publicly available at the Delaware Positive Behavior Support Project website: delawarepbs.org	Bear, G., Yang, C., Mantz, L., Pasipanodya, E., Hearn, S., & Boyer, D. (2014). Technical Manual for Delaware School Survey: Scales of School Climate, Bullying Victimization, Student Engagement, and Positive, Punitive, and Social Emotional Learning Techniques. Delaware Positive Behavior Support (DE-PBS) and School Climate Transformation Projects. http://wordpress.oet.udel.edu/pbs/technical-manual-for-school-climate-surveys/



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			<p>George G. Bear, Lindsey S. Mantz, Joseph J. Glutting, Chunyan Yang, and Deborah E. Boyer (2015) Differences in Bullying Victimization Between Students With and Without Disabilities. <i>School Psychology Review</i>: March 2015, Vol. 44, No. 1, pp. 98-116. https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Chunyan_Yang5/publication/274252635_Differences_in_Bullying_Victimization_Between_Students_With_and_Without_Disabilities/links/5519acfc0cf26cbb81a2afdb.pdf</p> <p>Examination of the 2013 <i>Delaware Bullying Victimization Scale</i> (DBVS; Bear et al.,2014) in regard to <i>Adolescent Peer Relations Instrument: Bullying/Target</i> (APRI-BT; Parada, Marsh, & Craven, 2010)</p>
<p>Delaware School Climate Student Survey</p>	<p>Students in grades 3-5 (elementary) and grades 6-12 (secondary) –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School climate (teacher-student relations, student-student relations, respect for diversity, clarity of expectations, fairness of rules, school safety, student engagement schoolwide, bullying schoolwide, total school climate); Positive, punitive, and SEL techniques (positive behavior techniques, 	<p>Please note, these survey instruments and related resources, including interpretation guidelines and post-survey action planning tools, are publicly available at the Delaware Positive Behavior Support Project website: delawarepbs.org. Survey instruments are available in English, Spanish, and Haitian Creole.</p>	<p>Bear, G., Yang, C., Mantz, L., Pasipanodya, E., Hearn, S., & Boyer, D. (2014). Technical Manual for Delaware School Survey: Scales of School Climate, Bullying Victimization, Student Engagement, and Positive, Punitive, and Social Emotional Learning Techniques. Delaware Positive Behavior Support (DE-PBS) and School Climate Transformation Projects. http://wordpress.oet.udel.edu/pbs/technical-manual-for-school-climate-surveys/</p> <p>Bear, G., Gaskins, C., Blank, J., & Chen, F. (2011). Delaware School Climate Survey—Student: Its factor structure, concurrent validity, and reliability. <i>Journal of School Psychology</i> 49, 157-174.</p>



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	punitive techniques, social emotional learning techniques); Bullying victimization (physical bullying, verbal bullying, social/relational bullying, cyberbullying); Student engagement (cognitive and behavioral, emotional)		
Effective School Battery	Students in grades 6-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Safety; Respect for students; Planning and action; Fairness of rules; Clarity of rules; Student influence 	Additional information and order forms for these survey instruments can be found at: http://www.education.umd.edu/CHSE/resources/Assessment/ESB.html . Please contact Eva Yui at climate-assess@umd.edu for additional information. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.	Gottfredson, G. D. (1999). <i>The Effective School Battery user's manual</i> . College Park, MD. Retrieved from http://www.education.umd.edu/CHSE/resources/Assessment/schoolassess/Tools/ESB/ESBManualA-UMD-all.pdf . Gottfredson, G.D. (n.d.). <i>Selected research related to the Effective School Battery</i> . Unpublished.
Flourishing Children Survey Social Competence Adolescent Scale	Students ages 12-18 years – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Social competence 	The survey scale items can be found at: http://www.childtrends.org/our-research/positive-indicators/positive-indicators-project/social-competence/ . The complete survey instrument is publicly available and can be requested by	Child Trends. (2012). <i>Social competence</i> . Retrieved from http://www.childtrends.org/our-research/positive-indicators/positive-indicators-project/social-competence/ Lippman, L., Moore, K. A., Guzman, L., Ryberg, R., McIntosh, H., Call, S., Ramos, M., Carle, A., & Kuhfeld, M. (2013). <i>Flourishing Children: Defining and testing indicators of positive development</i> . (Unpublished memo).



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		<p>emailing Kristen Darling-Churchill at kchurchill@childtrends.org. Survey instruments are available in English.</p>	<p>Lippman, L., Guzman, L., & Moore, K. A. (2012). <i>Measuring flourishing among youth: Findings from the Flourishing Children Positive Indicators Project</i>. Retrieved from http://www.childtrends.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/FlourishingChildren.pdf</p> <p>Ryberg, R., & Lippman, L. (2013). <i>Item sources for the Flourishing Children Study Social Competence scale</i>. Unpublished.</p>
Georgia School Climate Survey – Secondary	<p>Students in grades 6-12 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School connectedness; Character; Physical environment; Adult social support; Peer social support; Cultural acceptance; Order and discipline; Safety 	<p>There is no charge to use this survey. (Note: The 36-item School Climate – Secondary battery is part of the larger Georgia Student Health Survey 2.0. For more information, please contact Tamika P. La Salle, PhD, at tamika.la_salle@uconn.edu.) Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.</p>	<p>La Salle, T. P. (2017). Factor Analysis School Climate Suite. Unpublished memo.</p> <p>La Salle, T. P. & Zabek, F. (2017). GaDOE School Climate Suite. Unpublished memo.</p> <p>La Salle, T. (2018). Developer memo – GA MS/HS Survey. Unpublished memo.</p> <p>La Salle, T., Myers, J., & McCoach, B. (2017). Capturing Constructs: Factor Validation of the Georgia School Climate Survey. Article submitted for publication.</p>
Georgia Student Health Survey 2.0: Elementary	<p>Students in grades 3-5 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School connectedness 	<p>This instrument is free and publicly available here. For more information, contact Tamika P. La Salle, PhD, at tamika.la_salle@uconn.edu. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.</p>	<p>La Salle, T. (2018). Factor Analysis School Climate Suite. Unpublished memo.</p> <p>La Salle, T. & Zabek, F. (2017). GaDOE School Climate Suite. Unpublished memo.</p> <p>La Salle, T. (2018). Developer memo – GA ES Survey. Unpublished memo.</p>



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			La Salle, T. P., Zabek, F., & Meyers, J. (March, 2016). Elementary Student Perceptions of School Climate and Associations with Individual and School Factors. In School Psychology Forum (Vol. 10, No. 1).
Maryland S3 Climate Survey	<p>Students in grades 9-12 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Safety (perceived safety, bullying and aggression, general drug use); Engagement (connection to teachers, student connectedness, academic engagement, whole-school connectedness, culture of equity, parent engagement); Environment (rules consequences, physical comfort, support, disorder) 	<p>Please note that while the survey instrument is publicly available, it is copyright protected. Information on obtaining the survey instrument can be obtained from Catherine Bradshaw, PhD at cbradsha@jhsph.edu. Survey instruments are available in English.</p>	Bradshaw CP, Waasdorp TE, Debnam KJ, Lindstrom Johnson S. Measuring school climate in high schools: a focus on safety, engagement, and the environment. J School Health. 2014; 84: 593-604.
Pride Learning Environment Survey	<p>Students in grades 6-12 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School climate; Teacher and student respect; Student discipline; School safety; Teacher to student relationships; Teacher collaboration; Student engagement; Student encouragement; Frequency of substance use; Effect of 	<p>Please note that while a copy of the survey instrument is publicly available at http://dbdemo.pridesurveys.com, it is copyright protected. Information on obtaining the survey instrument can be found at: http://www.pridesurveys.com/index.php/products/. Survey</p>	<p>Hall, D. (2011). <i>Analytic strategies employed for Pride Surveys Learning Environment Surveys</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Hall, D. (2011). <i>Documentation report for OSDFS-TES-LES</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Hall, D. (2011). <i>Factor analysis results 2011</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Hall, D. (2011). <i>Learning Environment Survey theoretical framework</i>. Unpublished.</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs; Age of first substance use; Perceived harmful effects of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs; Parents' feelings towards alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs; Place of substance use; Time of substance use; Violence; Bullying	instruments are available in English.	International Survey Associates. (2010). <i>LES item dictionary</i> . Unpublished.
REACH Survey	Students in grades 6-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Relationships with teachers (express care, challenge growth, provide support, share power, expand possibilities, connect sparks to learning; Effort (mastery vs. performance orientation, belief in malleable intelligence, academic self-efficacy); Aspirations (goal orientation, future-mindedness, internal locus of control); Cognition (focus, academic delayed gratification, positivity in the face of challenge); Heart (spark development, 	The REACH Survey is available for purchase directly from Search Institute. Information on purchasing the survey instrument can be found here: http://www.search-institute.org/surveys/REACH (Note that “spark” refers to a student’s motivating interests and talents.) Survey instruments are available in English, but Search Institute is working to create reliable and valid instruments in languages other than English.	Search Institute. (March 2016). Technical Summary: Search Institute’s REACH Survey. Retrieved from http://www.search-institute.org/sites/default/files/a/REACH-Survey-Tech-Summary.pdf Roskopf, J. (July 2016). The REACH Survey – Additional Vetting Information. Unpublished memo. Search Institute. (n.d.) REACH Survey codebook. Unpublished memo.



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	spark shaping, presence of sparks); Other covariates (belonging, perceived discrimination; quality and character of instruction, cultural inclusion, school climate)		
School Climate Assessment Instrument – Elementary Student (SCAI-E-S)	Students in grades 2-6 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical environment; Student interactions; Management and discipline; Learning and assessment; Attitude and culture; Parents and community; Special education (optional); Project-based learning (Optional) 	All Alliance for the Study of School Climate (ASSC) school and classroom surveys are available for use by a school, district or state. All instruments are copyrighted. Permission is required for use. Surveys are available by paper or using the ASSC online system. Student research requests are welcome. Please contact John Shindler, Director of the Alliance for the Study of School Climate, at jshindl@calstatela.edu for more information. Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>Shindler, J. (2016). Examining the efficacy of the ASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI) to promote improved school climate, psychological factors related to high functioning schools and students, and student achievement and why it's uniquely qualified to do so when compared to other climate survey instruments. Los Angeles: Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Retrieved from http://web.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/assessment/Comparison_and_Efficacy_of_the_ASSC_SCAI.pdf</p> <p>Alliance for the Study of School Climate. (2016). Examining the Reliability and Validity of the ASSC/WASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI). Unpublished memo.</p> <p>Shindler, J. (2016). Additional vetting information. Unpublished memo.</p> <p>Shindler, J. (2011). Sample for psychometric analyses. Unpublished memo.</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
School Climate Assessment Instrument – Secondary Student (SCAI-S-S)	Students in grades 6-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical appearance of the school; Student interactions; Discipline environment; Learning/assessment; Attitude and culture; Community relations 	This survey instrument is not publicly available. Please contact John Schindler, Director of the Alliance for the Study of School Climate, at jshindl@calstatela.edu for additional information on the SCAI. Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>Alliance for the Study of School Climate. (2011). <i>Examining the reliability and validity of the ASSC/WASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI)</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Shindler, J. (2011). Untitled memo with psychometric information. Unpublished.</p> <p>Shindler, J., Jones, A., Williams, A.D., Taylor, C., & Cadenas, H. (2009). <i>Exploring the school climate-student achievement connection: And making sense of why the first precedes the second</i>. Los Angeles: Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Retrieved from http://www.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/research/School_Climate_Achievement_Connection_v4.pdf</p>
U.S. Department of Education School Climate Survey (EDSCLS)	Students in grades 5-12 – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engagement (cultural and linguistic competence, relationships, school participation); Safety (emotional safety, physical safety, bullying/cyberbullying, substance abuse); Environment (physical environment, instructional environment, mental health, discipline) 	The survey platform is free and publicly available at https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/edscls/administration . (Note: Emergency Management/Readiness items are included in the student survey, but were not designed to form a scale. Physical Health items are also included, but the data did not form a scale for the student survey. Thus, physical health items should be examined at only the item level	<p>National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). (2015). Appendix D: EDSCLS pilot test 2015 report. Washington, DC. Retrieved from http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/DownloadDocument?objectID=61438201</p> <p>NCES. (2015). Supporting statement Part B and Part C: Collection of information employing statistical methods. Washington, DC. Retrieved from https://www.regulations.gov/contentStreamer?documentId=ED-2015-ICCD-0081-0018&attachmentNumber=2&disposition=attachment&contentType=pdf</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
		for students [i.e., analysis of individual survey questions]. The survey is appropriate for any school with grades 5-12.) Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.	Wang, Y., Murphy, K., & Kantaparn, C. (2016). Technical and administration user guide for the ED School Climate Surveys (EDSCLS). Washington, DC. Retrieved from https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/sites/default/files/EDSCLS%20UserGuide%20042116.pdf
Staff Surveys			
Academic Optimism of Schools Surveys	K-12 Teachers – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Student-teacher relationships; Safety; School connectedness; Academic support; Order and discipline; Physical environment; Parent involvement; Trust 	Survey instruments are available at: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> http://www.waynehoy.com/elementary-teacher-ao/ (elementary teacher) and http://www.waynehoy.com/secondary-teacher-ao/ (secondary teacher). Survey instruments are available in English. 	<p>Hoy, W. K., Tarter, C. J., & Woolfolk Hoy, A. (2006). Academic optimism of schools: A force for student achievement. <i>American Educational Research Journal</i>, 43(3), 425-446.</p> <p>McGuigan, L. & Hoy, W. K. (2006). Principal leadership: Creating a culture of academic optimism to improve achievement for all students. <i>Leadership and Policy in Schools</i>, 5, 203-229.</p> <p>Smith, P. A. & Hoy, W. K. (2007). Academic optimism and student achievement in urban elementary schools. <i>Journal of Educational Administration</i>, 45, 556-568.</p>
Association of Alaska School Boards School Climate and Connectedness Survey	K-12 Staff – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School leadership and involvement; Staff attitudes; Student involvement; Respectful climate; School safety; 	The Association of Alaska School Boards owns the copyright to this survey. For more information on SCCS, contact Jenni Lefing at jlefig@aasb.org . Survey	American Institutes for Research. (2016). Alaska School Climate and Connectedness Survey: 2016 Statewide Report. Washington, DC: Author. Retrieved from https://aasb.org/wp-content/uploads/SCCS-2016-Statewide-Report-7Nov.pdf



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	Parent and community involvement; Student delinquent behaviors; Student drug and alcohol use	instruments are available in English.	Kendziora, K., & Spier, E. (2016). <i>Memo regarding the Alaska School Climate and Connectedness survey</i> . Unpublished.
Authoritative School Climate Survey	6-12 staff and teachers – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disciplinary structure (fairness, justness); Student support (respect for students, willingness to seek help); Student engagement (affective, cognitive); Prevalence of teasing and bullying 	These instruments are free and publicly available at https://curry.virginia.edu/authoritative-school-climate-survey-and-school-climate-bullying-survey . (Note: The ASCS is designed to measure the degree to which a school has authoritative characteristics such as fair discipline, supportive teachers, and high academic expectations, as well as associated characteristics such as low rates of bullying and high student engagement. The survey is appropriate for any school with grades 6-12.) Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>Cornell, D. (2014). Overview of the Authoritative School Climate Survey. Charlottesville, VA: Curry School of Education, University of Virginia.</p> <p>Cornell, D. (2016). <i>The Authoritative School Climate Survey and the School Climate Bullying Survey: Research summary</i>. Charlottesville, VA: Curry School of Education, University of Virginia. Retrieved from http://curry.virginia.edu/uploads/resourceLibrary/Authoritative_School_Climate_Survey_Research_Summary_January_2016.pdf</p> <p>Cornell, D., Huang, F., Konold, T., Meyer, P., Shukla, K., Lacey, A., Nekvasil, E., Heilbrun, A., & Datta, P. (2014). <i>Technical Report of the Virginia Secondary School Climate Survey: 2014 Results for 9th-12th Grade Students and Teachers</i>. Charlottesville, VA: Curry School of Education, University of Virginia. Retrieved from http://curry.virginia.edu/uploads/resourceLibrary/State_Technical_Report_for_2014_high_school_survey_8-14-14.pdf</p> <p>Cornell, D. Huang, F., Konold, T., Jia, Y., Malone, M., Burnette, A.G. Datta, P., Meyer, P., Stohlman, S., &</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
			<p>Maeng, J. (2017). <i>Technical Report of the Virginia Secondary School Climate Survey: 2017 Results for 6th-8th Grade Students and School Staff</i>. Charlottesville, VA: Curry School of Education, University of Virginia. Retrieved from http://curry.virginia.edu/uploads/resourceLibrary/2017_Middle_School_Climate_Survey_Technical_Report_completed_6-26-17.pdf</p>
<p>California School Staff Survey</p>	<p>K-12 Staff –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collegiality; Resource provisions and training; Professional development (instruction, cultural competence, meeting student needs); Positive student learning environment; Caring and respectful relationships; High expectations of students; Opportunities for meaningful participation; Cultural sensitivity; Clarity and equity of discipline policies; Perceived school safety; Learning facilitative behavior; Learning barrier (risk behavior, 	<p>Please note that while a copy of the survey instrument is publicly available at http://cscs.wested.org/training_support, it is copyright protected. Information on obtaining the survey instrument can be found at: http://cscs.wested.org/. Survey instruments are available in English.</p>	<p>Hanson, T.L. (n.d.). <i>School climate domains and Cal-SCHLS measures to assess them</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Hanson, T., & Austin, G. (2011). <i>Internal consistency reliabilities for Healthy Kids School Climate Survey instruments</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>You, Sukkyung, & Furlong, M. (n.d.). <i>A psychometric evaluation of staff version of school climate survey</i>. University of California, Santa Barbara.</p> <p>You, Sukkyung, O'Malley, M., & Furlong, M. (Under review). <i>Brief California School Climate Survey: Dimensionality and measurement invariance across teachers and administrators</i>. Submitted to Educational and Psychological Measurement.</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	interpersonal conflict and destructive behavior)		
The Center for Research in Education Policy School Climate Inventory	K-12 teachers, administrators, professional staff – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Orderly school environment; Administration provides instructional leadership; Positive learning environment; Parent and community involvement; Instruction is well-developed and implemented; Expectations for students; Collaboration between administration, faculty, and students 	This survey instrument is not publicly available. Please contact the Center for Research in Education Policy at CREP@memphis.edu or 1-866-670-6147 for more information. Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>Butler, E.D., & Alberg, M.J. (1991). <i>Tennessee School Climate Inventory: A resource manual</i>. Memphis, TN: Center for Research in Education Policy.</p> <p>Franceschini III, L.A. (2009). <i>Convergent validity study of the School Climate Inventory (SCI) using archived Tennessee Department of Education indicators</i>. Memphis, TN: Center for Research in Educational Policy.</p> <p>Strahl, J.D. (2011). <i>SCI/SCI-R missing values protocols</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Strahl, J.D., & Alberg, M.J. (n.d.). <i>SCI-R reliability coefficients on the seven dimensions</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Strahl, J.D., & Alberg, M.J. (n.d.). <i>School Climate Inventory</i>. Unpublished.</p>
Classroom Climate Assessment Instrument – Secondary Staff (CCAI-S-G)	6-12 staff – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discipline environment; Student interactions; Learning assessment; Attitude and culture 	Please note that while a copy of the survey instrument is publicly available at http://www.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/assessment/classroom_survey.html , it is copyright protected. Users must obtain copyright authorization through a site license from the Alliance for	<p>Alliance for the Study of School Climate. (2011). <i>Examining the reliability and validity of the ASSC/WASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI)</i>. Unpublished (will be published on ASSC website).</p> <p>Shindler, J. (2011). <i>Untitled memo with psychometric information</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Shindler, J., Jones, A., Williams, A.D., Taylor, C., & Cadenas, H. (2009). <i>Exploring the school climate-student</i></p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
		<p>the Study of School Climate. Please contact John Schindler, Director of the Alliance for the Study of School Climate at jshindl@calstatela.edu for additional information on the CCAI. Survey instruments are available in English.</p>	<p><i>achievement connection: And making sense of why the first precedes the second.</i> Los Angeles: Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Retrieved from http://www.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/research/School_Climate_Achievement_Connection_v4.pdf</p>
<p>Community and Youth Collaborative Institute (CAYCI) School Experiences Survey</p>	<p>K-12 teachers/school staff –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student academic motivation; Academic press; Career and college readiness; Perceived family/caregiver support for learning; Family support for pro-social activities; Perceived family history; Perceived support for students' basic needs; Community supports for positive youth development; Community services and supports; Student externalizing behavior; Student internalizing behavior; Perceived learning supports; Perceptions of school climate; Student 	<p>There is no charge for using this survey. Please visit http://cayci.osu.edu/surveys/ or contact Dawn Anderson-Butcher at anderson-butcher.1@osu.edu for copies of and additional information about this survey. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.</p>	<p>All scale reports can be found at the CAYCI website (http://cayci.osu.edu/surveys/surveys-and-technical-reports/) or summarized here.</p> <p>Anderson-Butcher, D. (2016). <i>Original item confirmation in CAYCI surveys</i>. Unpublished memo.</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	safety; School connectedness; School support for pro-social activities; Student psychological wellbeing; Student social skills; Teacher/staff commitment		
Comprehensive School Climate Inventory (CSCI)	3-12 staff – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rules and norms; Physical and emotional bullying; Physical surroundings; Social and civic learning; Professional relationships; Respect and diversity; Openness; Outreach to family members; Support for learning; Administrator and teacher relationships 	This survey is not publicly available. You can learn more about it at http://www.schoolclimate.org/climate/csci.php . Please contact Darlene Faster, COO & Director of Communications, at the National School Climate Center at dfaster@schoolclimate.org or (212) 707-8799 x22 for more information on these surveys. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish. Email the National School Climate Center if you have a need for additional translations.	<p>Guo, P., Choe, J., & Higgins-D'Alessandro, A. (2011). <i>Report of construct validity and internal consistency findings for the Comprehensive School Climate Inventory</i>. Fordham University.</p> <p>Higgins-D'Alessandro, A., Faster, D. & Cohen, J. (2010). <i>School growth and change: A report comparing schools in 2007 and 2010</i>. Fordham University and the National School Climate Center. (Unpublished report).</p> <p>Sandy, S.V., Cohen, J. & Fisher, M.B. (2007). <i>Understanding and assessing school climate: Development and validation of the Comprehensive School Climate Inventory (CSCI)</i>. National School Climate Center. (Unpublished paper).</p>
The Consortium on Chicago School Research Survey of Chicago Public Schools	PK-12 staff – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Teacher-principal trust; Collective responsibility; Teacher-teacher trust; 	The staff survey is free and publicly available at http://ccsr.uchicago.edu/downloads/2009/HS_Teacher_Surve	Consortium on Chicago School Research. (n.d.). <i>2007 Consortium survey measures</i> . Chicago.



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	School commitment; Student responsibility; Disorder and crime; Teacher-parent interaction; Teacher-parent trust; Principal instructional leadership; Teacher influence in policy	y09Cdbk_8-6.pdf . Please contact Elaine Allensworth at elainea@uchicago.edu for additional information on this survey. Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>Consortium on Chicago School Research. (n.d.). <i>Alignment of the five fundamentals for school success with other research</i>. Chicago.</p> <p>Consortium on Chicago School Research. (n.d.). <i>Dimensions of the five fundamentals for school success</i>. Chicago.</p> <p>Consortium on Chicago School Research. (n.d.). <i>A primer on Rasch analysis</i>. Chicago. Retrieved from http://ccsr.uchicago.edu/downloads/9585ccsr_rasch_analysis_primer.pdf</p> <p>Montgomery, N. (2010). <i>CCSR 5 essentials survey – 2007 scoring sample</i>. Unpublished.</p>
Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment (CEEA) – Faculty/Staff Survey	6-12 faculty/staff – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Competencies (Version 4.2 only) (excellence, ethics); School culture (excellence, ethics); Faculty practices (excellence, ethics); Student safety; Faculty support for and engagement of students; Leadership practices; Faculty beliefs and behaviors; Home-school 	These survey instruments can be used free of charge, subject to the conditions of the User Agreement, and can be found at http://excellenceandethics.org/assess/ceea-samples.php . Please contact Vlad Khmelkov at vkhmelkov@excellenceandethics.org for additional information. Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>Khmelkov, V.T. (2011). <i>Memo regarding Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment (CEEA) surveys, version 4.5</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Khmelkov, V.T., Davidson, M.L. (2011). <i>Culture of Excellence & Ethic Assessment student and faculty/staff survey psychometric data: High school sample</i>. Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc.</p> <p>Khmelkov, V.T., Davidson, M.L, et al. (2011). <i>Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment Survey conceptual description</i>. Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc.</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	<p>communication and support</p>		<p>Khmelkov, V.T., Davidson, M.L, Baker, K., Lickona, T., & Parisi, R. (2011). <i>Survey components and scale matrix</i>. Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc. Retrieved from http://www.excellenceandethics.com/assess/CEEA_v4.5_matrix.pdf</p> <p>Khmelkov, V. (2010). <i>Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment student and faculty survey: Reliability, validity & other psychometric data, high school sample</i> [Presentation slides].</p>
<p>Delaware School Climate Teacher and Staff Survey</p>	<p>3-5 or 9-12 staff –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School climate (teacher-student relations, student-student relations, respect for diversity, clarity of expectations, fairness of rules, school safety, student engagement schoolwide, bullying schoolwide, teacher-home communications, teacher-staff relations, total school climate); Positive, punitive, and SEL techniques (positive behavior techniques, punitive techniques, social emotional learning techniques) 	<p>These survey instruments and related resources, including interpretation guidelines and post-survey action planning tools, are publicly available at the Delaware Positive Behavior Support Project website: delawarepbs.org. Survey instruments are available in English, Spanish, and Haitian Creole.</p>	<p>Bear, G., Yang, C., Mantz, L., Pasipanodya, E., Hearn, S., & Boyer, D. (2014). Technical Manual for Delaware School Survey: Scales of School Climate, Bullying Victimization, Student Engagement, and Positive, Punitive, and Social Emotional Learning Techniques. Delaware Positive Behavior Support (DE-PBS) and School Climate Transformation Projects. http://wordpress.oet.udel.edu/pbs/technical-manual-for-school-climate-surveys/</p> <p>Bear, G., Yang, C., Pell, M., & Gaskins, C. (2014). Validation of a brief measure of teachers’ perceptions of school climate: relations to student achievement and suspensions. <i>Learning Environments Research</i> 17: 3, 339-354.</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
Effective School Battery	6012 teachers – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Safety; Morale; Planning and action; Smooth administration; Resources for instruction; Good race relations; Parent and community involvement; Student influence; Avoidance of grades as sanction 	Additional information & order forms for these survey instruments can be found at: http://www.education.umd.edu/CHSE/resources/Assessment/ESB.html . Please contact Eva Yui at climate-assess@umd.edu for additional information. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.	Gottfredson, G. D. (1999). <i>The Effective School Battery user's manual</i> . College Park, MD. Retrieved from http://www.education.umd.edu/CHSE/resources/Assessment/schoolassess/Tools/ESB/ESBManualA-UMD-all.pdf . Gottfredson, G.D. (n.d.). <i>Selected research related to the Effective School Battery</i> . Unpublished.
Georgia School Personnel Survey (GSPS)	K-12 school personnel (teachers, administrators, certified staff members, and classified/other staff members) – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Staff connectedness; Structure for learning; School safety; Physical environment; Peer and adult relations; Parent involvement 	This instrument is free and publicly available here . For more information, contact Tamika P. La Salle, PhD, at tamika.la_salle@uconn.edu . Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.	La Salle, T. P. (2017). Factor Analysis School Climate Suite. Unpublished memo. La Salle, T. P. & Zabek, F. (2017). GaDOE School Climate Suite. Unpublished memo. La Salle, T. (2018). Developer memo – GA Staff Survey. Unpublished memo.
The Organizational Climate Description for Elementary Schools (OCDQ-RE)	PK-6 (elementary) teachers and administrators – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supportive principal behavior; Directive principal behavior; Restrictive principal 	See Wayne Hoy's website for information on the OCDQ survey series and for the elementary school instrument: www.waynehoy.com . Survey	Hoy, W. K. (2013). The Organizational Climate Description for Elementary Schools (OCDQ-RE): http://waynehoy.com/ocdq-re.html Hoy, W. K., Tarter, C. J., & Kottkamp, R. B. (1991). Open schools/healthy schools: Measuring organizational



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	behavior; Collegial teacher behavior; Intimate teacher behavior; Disengaged teacher behavior	instruments are available in English.	climate. Beverly Hills, CA: Sage. pp. 20-38, 138-146 http://www.waynehoy.com/pdfs/open_schools_healthy_schools_book.pdf Hoy, W.K. (2014). Description of Sampling and Data Treatment. Unpublished memo
The Organizational Climate Description for Middle Schools (OCDQ-RM)	7-9 (middle) teachers and administrators – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supportive principal behavior; Directive principal behavior; Restrictive principal behavior; Collegial teacher behavior; Committed teacher behavior; Disengaged teacher behavior 	See Wayne Hoy’s website for information on the OCDQ survey series and for the middle school instrument: www.waynehoy.com . Survey instruments are available in English.	Hoy, W. K. (2013). The Organizational Climate Description For Middle Schools (OCDQ-RM): http://waynehoy.com/ocdq-rm.html Hoy, W. K., Tarter, C. J., & Kottkamp, R. B. (1991). Open schools/healthy schools: Measuring organizational climate. Beverly Hills, CA: Sage. pp. 1-19: http://www.waynehoy.com/pdfs/open_schools_healthy_schools_book.pdf Hoy, W. K., Hoffman, J., Sabo, D., & Bliss, J. (1996). The organizational climate of middle schools. The development and test of the OCDQ-RM. Journal of Educational Administration, 34(1), 41-59 Hoy, W.K. (2014). Description of Sampling and Data Treatment. Unpublished memo
The Organizational Climate Description for Secondary Schools (OCDQ-RS)	10-12 (secondary) teachers and administrators – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supportive principal behavior; Directive principal behavior; Engaged teacher behavior; 	See Wayne Hoy’s website for information on the OCDQ survey series and for the secondary school instrument: www.waynehoy.com . Survey	Hoy, W. K. (2010). The Organizational Climate Description for Elementary Schools (OCDQ-RS): http://www.waynehoy.com/ocdq-rs.html Hoy, W. K., Tarter, C. J., & Kottkamp, R. B. (1991). Open schools/healthy schools: Measuring organizational



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	Frustrated teacher behavior; Intimate teacher behavior	instruments are available in English.	climate. Beverly Hills, CA: Sage. pp. 1-19, 38-52, 146-154 http://www.waynehoy.com/pdfs/open_schools_healthy_schools_book.pdf Hoy, W.K. (2014). Description of Sampling and Data Treatment. Unpublished memo
Pride Teaching Environment Survey	K-12 faculty – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Like teaching; Like administrators (my school, instructional leadership); Effective teaching; Teacher evaluation; Principal support; Teacher respect; Participatory decision-making; Staff collegiality; Desired involvement in improving teaching practices; Current involvement in school policies and practices; Desired involvement in teaching practice policies; Student discipline; Student conduct rules/policies; Teacher stress; Classroom support; Teacher attitude; 	Please note that while a copy of the survey instrument is publicly available at http://dbdemo.pridesurveys.com , it is copyright protected. Information on obtaining the survey instrument can be found at: http://www.pridesurveys.com/index.php/products/ . Survey instruments are available in English.	Hall, D. (2011). <i>Analytic strategies employed for Pride Survey's TES survey effort</i> . Unpublished. Hall, D. (2011). <i>Documentation report for OSDFS- TES- LES</i> . Unpublished. Hall, D. (2011). <i>Teaching Environment Survey (TES) theoretical framework</i> . Unpublished. Hall, D. (2010). <i>TES factor analysis result - Summary</i> . Unpublished. International Survey Associates. (2010). <i>TES item dictionary</i> . Unpublished.



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	Interpersonal relationships; Student engagement; Teacher pay; Facilities and resources; Teacher workload		
School Climate Assessment Instrument – Elementary General (SCAI-E-G)	K-6 teachers and staff – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical environment; Teacher relations; Student interactions; Leadership and decisions; Management and discipline; Learning and assessment; Attitude and culture; Parents and community; Special education (optional); Project-based learning (optional) 	All Alliance for the Study of School Climate (ASSC) school and classroom surveys are available for use by a school, district or state. All instruments are copyrighted. Permission is required for use. Surveys are available by paper or using the ASSC online system. Student research requests are welcome. Please contact John Shindler, Director of the Alliance for the Study of School Climate, at jshindl@calstatela.edu for more information. Survey instruments are available in English.	Shindler, J. (2016). Examining the efficacy of the ASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI) to promote improved school climate, psychological factors related to high functioning schools and students, and student achievement and why it's uniquely qualified to do so when compared to other climate survey instruments. Los Angeles: Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Retrieved from http://web.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/assessment/Comparison_and_Efficacy_of_the_ASSC_SCAI.pdf Alliance for the Study of School Climate. (2016). Examining the Reliability and Validity of the ASSC/WASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI). Unpublished memo. Shindler, J. (2016). Additional vetting information. Unpublished memo. Shindler, J. (2011). Sample for psychometric analyses. Unpublished memo.
Secondary School Climate Assessment	6-12 faculty and staff –	Please note that while a copy of the survey instrument is publicly available at	Alliance for the Study of School Climate. (2011). <i>Examining the reliability and validity of the ASSC/WASSC</i>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
Instrument – General (SCAI-S-G)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical appearance of the school; Faculty relations; Student interactions; Leadership decisions; Discipline environment; Learning/ assessment; Attitude and culture; Community relations 	<p>http://www.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/assessment/school_survey.html#faculty, it is copyright protected. Users must obtain copyright authorization through a site license from the Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Please contact John Schindler, Director of the Alliance for the Study of School Climate at jshindl@calstatela.edu for additional information on the SCAI. Survey instruments are available in English.</p>	<p><i>School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI)</i>. Unpublished (will be published on ASSC website).</p> <p>Shindler, J. (2011). <i>Untitled memo with psychometric information</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Shindler, J., Jones, A., Williams, A.D., Taylor, C., & Cadenas, H. (2009). <i>Exploring the school climate-student achievement connection: And making sense of why the first precedes the second</i>. Los Angeles: Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Retrieved from http://www.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/research/School_Climate_Achievement_Connection_v4.pdf</p>
U.S. Department of Education School Climate Survey (EDSCLS)	<p>5-12 instructional and noninstructional staff (including principals) –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engagement (cultural and linguistic competence, relationships, school participation); Safety (emotional safety, physical safety, bullying/cyberbullying, substance abuse); Environment (physical environment, instructional 	<p>The survey platform is free and publicly available at https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/edscls/administration. (Note: Emergency Management/Readiness items are included in the staff surveys, but were not designed to form a scale.) Staff surveys are available in English.</p>	<p>National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). (2015). Appendix D: EDSCLS pilot test 2015 report. Washington, DC. Retrieved from http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/DownloadDocument?objectID=61438201</p> <p>NCES. (2015). Supporting statement Part B and Part C: Collection of information employing statistical methods. Washington, DC. Retrieved from https://www.regulations.gov/contentStreamer?documentId=ED-2015-ICCD-0081-0018&attachmentNumber=2&disposition=attachment&contentType=pdf</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	environment, physical health, mental health, discipline)		Wang, Y., Murphy, K., & Kantaparn, C. (2016). Technical and administration user guide for the ED School Climate Surveys (EDSCLS). Washington, DC. Retrieved from https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/sites/default/files/EDSCLS%20UserGuide%20042116.pdf
Family Surveys			
California School Parent Survey	K-12 parents – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • facilitation of parent involvement; Positive student learning environment; Opportunities for meaningful participation; Cultural sensitivity; Clarity and equity of discipline policies; Perceived school safety; Learning barriers 	Please note that while a copy of the survey instrument is publicly available at http://csps.wested.org/ , it is copyright protected. Information on obtaining the survey instrument can be found at: http://csps.wested.org/ . Survey instruments are available in English, but translations are also available. Please contact your Regional Technical Assistance center for more information.	Hanson, T.L. (n.d.). <i>School climate domains and Cal-SCHLS measures to assess them</i> . Unpublished. Hanson, T., & Austin, G. (2011). <i>Internal consistency reliabilities for Healthy Kids School Climate Survey instruments</i> . Unpublished.
Community and Youth Collaborative Institute (CAYCI) School Experiences Survey	K-12 parents/caregivers – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Career and college readiness; Experiences of teacher and school support; Overall experiences of school; Engagement efficacy; Parent/caregiver support; School and 	There is no charge for using this survey. Please visit http://cayci.osu.edu/surveys/ or contact Dawn Anderson-Butcher at anderson-butcher.1@osu.edu for copies of and additional information about this survey. Survey	All scale reports can be found at the CAYCI website (http://cayci.osu.edu/surveys/surveys-and-technical-reports/) or summarized here . Anderson-Butcher, D. (2016). <i>Original item confirmation in CAYCI surveys</i> . Unpublished memo.



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	community support Services for parents/caregivers; School support for parent/caregiver engagement; Support for students' basic needs; Involvement in activities	instruments are available in English and Spanish.	
Comprehensive School Climate Inventory (CSCI)	3-12 parents/guardians – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical and social bullying; Respect and diversity; Social support-adults (towards each other and towards students); Social and civic learning; Physical surroundings; Rules and norms; Student-student relationships; Support for learning 	This survey is not publicly available. You can learn more about it at http://www.schoolclimate.org/climate/csci.php . Please contact Darlene Faster, COO & Director of Communications, at the National School Climate Center at dfaster@schoolclimate.org or (212) 707-8799 x22 for more information on these surveys. Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish. Email the National School Climate Center if you have a need for additional translations.	Guo, P., Choe, J., & Higgins-D'Alessandro, A. (2011). <i>Report of construct validity and internal consistency findings for the Comprehensive School Climate Inventory</i> . Fordham University. Higgins-D'Alessandro, A., Faster, D. & Cohen, J. (2010). <i>School growth and change: A report comparing schools in 2007 and 2010</i> . Fordham University and the National School Climate Center. (Unpublished report). Sandy, S.V., Cohen, J. & Fisher, M.B. (2007). <i>Understanding and assessing school climate: Development and validation of the Comprehensive School Climate Inventory (CSCI)</i> . National School Climate Center. (Unpublished paper).
Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment (CEEA) – Parent Survey	4-12 parents – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Perception of school culture; School engaging 	These survey instruments can be used free of charge, subject to the conditions of the User	Khmelkov, V.T. (2011). <i>Memo regarding Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment (CEEA) surveys, version 4.5</i> . Unpublished.



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	parents; Parents engaging with school; Learning at home/promoting excellence; Parenting/promoting ethics	Agreement, and can be found at: http://excellenceandethics.org/assess/ceea-samples.php . Please contact Vlad Khmelkov at ykhmelkov@excellenceandethics.org for additional information. Survey instruments are available in English.	Khmelkov, V.T. (2010). <i>Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment survey: Psychometrics</i> . Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc. Retrieved from http://www.excellenceandethics.com/assess/CEEA_Psychometrics_v4.5_HSMS.pdf Khmelkov, V.T., Davidson, M.L. (2011). <i>Culture of Excellence & Ethics Assessment: Overview & theory</i> . Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc. Retrieved from http://www.excellenceandethics.com/assess/CEEA_v4.5_Conceptual_Description.pdf Khmelkov, V.T., Davidson, M.L., Baker, K., Lickona, T., & Parisi, R. (2011). <i>Survey components and scale matrix</i> . Institute for Excellence and Ethics, Inc. Retrieved from http://www.excellenceandethics.com/assess/CEEA_v4.5_matrix.pdf
Delaware Bullying Victimization Parent Scale	3-5 or 9-12 parents – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical bullying; Verbal bullying; Social/relational bullying 	These survey instruments and related resources, including interpretation guidelines and post-survey action planning tools, are publicly available at the Delaware Positive Behavior Support Project website: delawarepbs.org . Survey instruments are available in English.	Bear, G., Yang, C., Mantz, L., Pasipanodya, E., Hearn, S., & Boyer, D. (2014). Technical Manual for Delaware School Survey: Scales of School Climate, Bullying Victimization, Student Engagement, and Positive, Punitive, and Social Emotional Learning Techniques. Delaware Positive Behavior Support (DE-PBS) and School Climate Transformation Projects. http://wordpress.oet.udel.edu/pbs/technical-manual-for-school-climate-surveys/ George G. Bear, Lindsey S. Mantz, Joseph J. Glutting, Chunyan Yang, and Deborah E. Boyer (2015) Differences



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
			<p>in Bullying Victimization Between Students With and Without Disabilities. <i>School Psychology Review</i>: March 2015, Vol. 44, No. 1, pp. 98-116. https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Chunyan_Yang5/publication/274252635_Differences_in_Bullying_Victimization_Between_Students_With_and_Without_Disabilities/links/5519acfc0cf26cbb81a2afdb.pdf</p> <p>Examination of the 2013 <i>Delaware Bullying Victimization Scale</i> (DBVS; Bear et al.,2014) in regard to <i>Adolescent Peer Relations Instrument: Bullying/Target</i> (APRI-BT; Parada, Marsh, & Craven, 2010)</p>
<p>Delaware School Climate Parent Survey</p>	<p>3-5 or 9-12 parents –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School climate (teacher-student relations, student-student relations, respect for diversity, clarity of expectations, fairness of rules, school safety, teacher-home communications, total school climate, parent satisfaction); Bullying victimization (physical bullying, verbal bullying, social/relational bullying); Student engagement 	<p>These survey instruments and related resources, including interpretation guidelines and post-survey action planning tools, are publicly available at the Delaware Positive Behavior Support Project website: delawarepbs.org. Survey instruments are available in English.</p>	<p>Bear, G., Yang, C., Mantz, L., Pasipanodya, E., Hearn, S., & Boyer, D. (2014). Technical Manual for Delaware School Survey: Scales of School Climate, Bullying Victimization, Student Engagement, and Positive, Punitive, and Social Emotional Learning Techniques. Delaware Positive Behavior Support (DE-PBS) and School Climate Transformation Projects. http://wordpress.oet.udel.edu/pbs/technical-manual-for-school-climate-surveys/</p> <p>Bear, G., Yang, C., Mantz, L., & Pasipanodya, E. (2014). Validation of a Brief Measure of the Perceptions of Parents. <i>Journal of Psychoeducational Assessment</i>. 33: 2 115-129.</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	(cognitive and behavioral, emotional)		
Flourishing Children Survey Social Competence Parent Scale	Parents of students ages 12-18 years – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Social Competence 	The survey scale items can be found at: http://www.childtrends.org/our-research/positive-indicators/positive-indicators-project/social-competence/ . The complete survey instrument is publicly available and can be requested by emailing Kristen Darling-Churchill at kchurchill@childtrends.org . Survey instruments are available in English.	Child Trends. (2012). <i>Social competence</i> . Retrieved from http://www.childtrends.org/our-research/positive-indicators/positive-indicators-project/social-competence/ Lippman, L., Moore, K. A., Guzman, L., Ryberg, R., McIntosh, H., Call, S., Ramos, M., Carle, A., & Kuhfeld, M. (2013). <i>Flourishing Children: Defining and testing indicators of positive development</i> . (Unpublished memo). Lippman, L., Guzman, L., & Moore, K. A. (2012). <i>Measuring flourishing among youth: Findings from the Flourishing Children Positive Indicators Project</i> . Retrieved from http://www.childtrends.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/FlourishingChildren.pdf Ryberg, R., & Lippman, L. (2013). <i>Item sources for the Flourishing Children Study Social Competence scale</i> . Unpublished.
Georgia Parent School Climate Survey	K-12 parents – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Teaching and learning; School safety; Interpersonal relationships; Institutional environment; Parent involvement 	This instrument is free and publicly available here . For more information, contact Tamika P. La Salle, PhD, at tamika.la_salle@uconn.edu . Survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.	La Salle, T. P. (2017). <i>Factor Analysis School Climate Suite</i> . Unpublished memo. La Salle, T. P. & Zabek, F. (2017). <i>GaDOE School Climate Suite</i> . Unpublished memo. La Salle, T. (2018). <i>Developer memo – GA Parent Survey</i> . Unpublished memo.



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
School Climate Assessment Instrument – Elementary General (SCAI-E-G)	K-6 parents and guardians – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical environment; Student interactions; Leadership and decisions; Management and discipline; Learning and assessment; Attitude and culture; Parents and community; Special education (optional); Project-based learning (optional) 	All Alliance for the Study of School Climate (ASSC) school and classroom surveys are available for use by a school, district or state. All instruments are copyrighted. Permission is required for use. Surveys are available by paper or using the ASSC online system. Student research requests are welcome. Please contact John Shindler, Director of the Alliance for the Study of School Climate, at jshindl@calstatela.edu for more information. Survey instruments are available in English.	<p>Shindler, J. (2016). Examining the efficacy of the ASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI) to promote improved school climate, psychological factors related to high functioning schools and students, and student achievement and why it’s uniquely qualified to do so when compared to other climate survey instruments. Los Angeles: Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Retrieved from http://web.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/assessment/Comparison and Efficacy of the ASSC SCAI.pdf</p> <p>Alliance for the Study of School Climate. (2016). Examining the Reliability and Validity of the ASSC/WASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI). Unpublished memo.</p> <p>Shindler, J. (2016). Additional vetting information. Unpublished memo.</p> <p>Shindler, J. (2011). Sample for psychometric analyses. Unpublished memo.</p>
School Climate Assessment Instrument – Secondary Parent and Community (SCAI-S-P)	6-12 parents and guardians – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical appearance of the school; Student interactions; Leadership decisions; Discipline environment; Learning/assessment; 	This survey instrument is not publicly available. Please contact John Shindler, Director of the Alliance for the Study of School Climate at jshindl@calstatela.edu for additional information on the	<p>Alliance for the Study of School Climate. (2011). <i>Examining the reliability and validity of the ASSC/WASSC School Climate Assessment Instrument (SCAI)</i>. Unpublished.</p> <p>Shindler, J. (2011). Untitled memo with psychometric information. Unpublished.</p>



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	Attitude and culture; Community relations	SCAI. Survey instruments are available in English.	Shindler, J., Jones, A., Williams, A.D., Taylor, C., & Cadenas, H. (2009). <i>Exploring the school climate-student achievement connection: And making sense of why the first precedes the second</i> . Los Angeles: Alliance for the Study of School Climate. Retrieved from http://www.calstatela.edu/centers/schoolclimate/research/School_Climate_Achievement_Connection_v4.pdf
U.S. Department of Education School Climate Survey (EDSCLS)	5-12 parents and guardians – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The EDSCLS parent survey includes items about Engagement (cultural and linguistic competence, relationships, school participation); Safety (emotional safety, physical safety, bullying/cyberbullying, substance abuse, emergency readiness/management); and Environment (physical environment, instructional environment, physical health, mental health, discipline). However, because of the brevity of the parent survey, the data 	The survey platform is free and publicly available at https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/edscls/administration . (Note: Because of the brevity of the parent survey, the data did not form scales. Thus, parent data should be examined at only the item level [i.e., analysis of individual survey questions].) Parent survey instruments are available in English and Spanish.	National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). (2015). Appendix D: EDSCLS pilot test 2015 report. Washington, DC. Retrieved from http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/DownloadDocument?objectID=61438201 NCES. (2015). Supporting statement Part B and Part C: Collection of information employing statistical methods. Washington, DC. Retrieved from https://www.regulations.gov/contentStreamer?documentId=ED-2015-ICCD-0081-0018&attachmentNumber=2&disposition=attachment&contentType=pdf Wang, Y., Murphy, K., & Kantaparn, C. (2016). Technical and administration user guide for the ED School Climate Surveys (EDSCLS). Washington, DC. Retrieved from https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/sites/default/files/EDSCLS%20UserGuide%20042116.pdf



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Survey Name	Constructs Measured	Links to Surveys or More Information	Reports
	for these items did not form scales.		